

Critical thinking of young citizens towards news headlines in Chile

Dr. Matthieu Vernier, Dr. Luis Cárcamo and Dra. Eliana Scheihing

<https://doi.org/10.3916/C54-2018-10>

CRITICAL CITIZENSHIP

It is based on scientific rationality to analyze past data and takes into account the subjectivity and uniqueness of each individual to construct his or her own thinking.



DATA SCIENCE

It is based on the extraction of knowledge from a set of data to support human activity. It can be integrated as an educational methodology on critical thinking.

METHODOLOGY

155 PARTICIPANTS

75 high school students, 55 university students and 25 journalists answered four online tasks in approximately 20 minutes, with the purpose of understanding to what extent young people are able to classify press headlines and ideological orientations of media.

4 ONLINE TASKS



1

TASK
Classify media according to their political orientation.

2

TASK
Classify media according to their ideological orientation vis-à-vis the No+AFP movement.

3

TASK
Classify headlines knowing the name of the media.

4

TASK
Classify headlines without knowing the name of the medium.

CONCLUSIONS



Students show little agreement in their responses and some categories such as "independent/center media" can be confusing even to specialists.

Students, university students and specialists seem to be influenced by the media brand, since they took this information into account when re-evaluating a statement in context.

Comunicar

www.comunicarjournal.com