

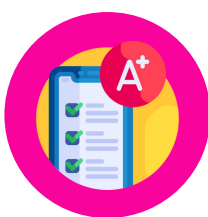
META-REFLEXIVITY FOR RESILIENCE AGAINST DISINFORMATION

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INTRODUCTION



Media literacy, refers not only to skills in using emerging media or creating online messages, but also to understanding how media works in this changing environment.



Critical thinking, ability to use and, at the same time, autonomously and critically interpret the flow, content, values and consequences of the use of various media messages, and to participate in the creation of such messages.

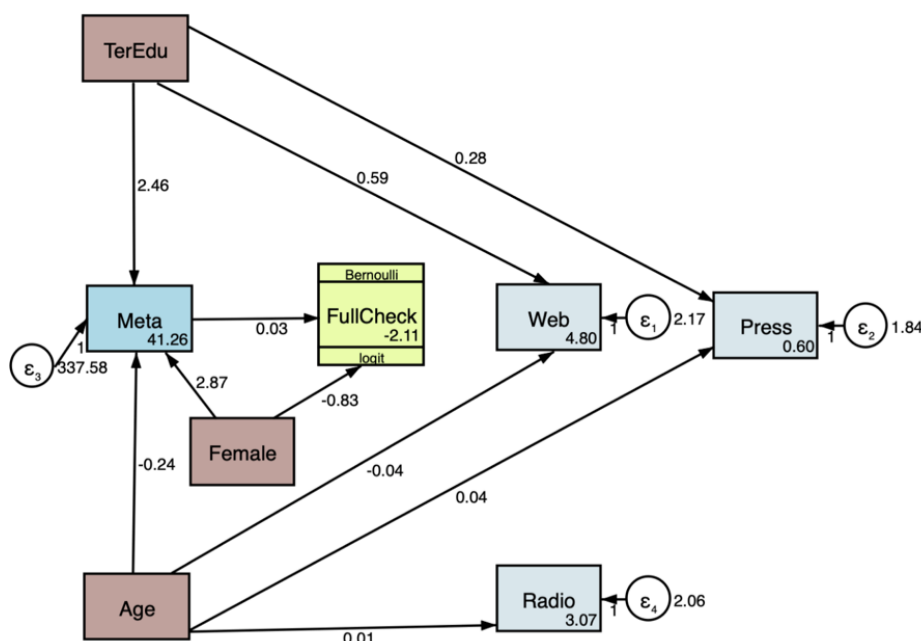


Fake news, empowering users and promoting empowerment, which will enable greater social resilience to misinformation and perhaps other disorders of the information age.

Exhibition: Television (44%)

Reflexivity: $R=10,5 / Mmet= de 30,8$

Reflexivity Measurement Tool (RMT)
 Conversation Indicator (ICONI)
 Questionnaire: 715 Slovenians



CONCLUSIONS



A common way of countering the spread and damaging effects of false news and other forms of misinformation is through initiatives that help build resilience among citizens and empower the various actors concerned.



Fact-checking has become a necessity in today's digital environment and this vital function, which aims to maintain the credibility of shared information in digital environments.



The growing need to develop resilience to negative phenomena - misinformation, hate speech and false news - has led to improved critical thinking.

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