YOUTHS' COPING WITH CYBERHATE: ROLES OF PARENTAL MEDIATION AND FAMILY SUPPORT

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INTRODUCTION



Cyberhate,

is an expression of hatred,
which includes text, speech,
videos and images that are
offensive, insulting or
threatening to people because
of certain characteristics.



Parental mediation,

is defined as the
"management by
parents of the
relationship between
their children and the
media".



Coping,

ability to manage stressful events by reducing or eliminating negative effects through cognitive, emotional and behavioural efforts.

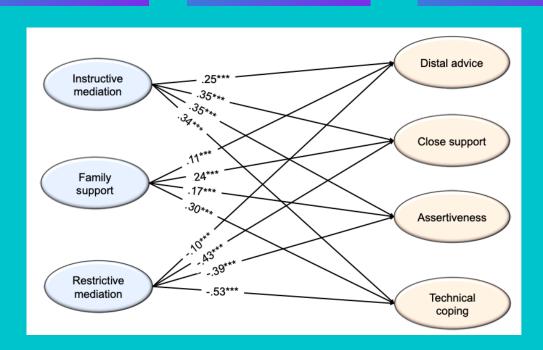
METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

Sample: 5,960 teenagers 7 countries: Cyprus, Germany, Greece, India, South Korea, Spain and Thailand

Coping strategies.
4 subscales by Sticca et al. (2015) and adapted to cyberspace by
Wachs et al.

Family support. Scale of perceived social support (Zimet et al., 1988).

Parental mediation. Initial structural equations.



CONCLUSIONS



Instructional mediation increased the likelihood of adolescent use of problem-focused coping strategies, while restrictive mediation reduced that likelihood.



Restrictive mediation impacts negatively on the ability of adolescents to deal with risks online, by not taking into account the feelings or wishes of children when making decisions.



This study points to the need for more attention to the development of media education programmes that focus on the role of parents and families.

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