CYBER-PLAGIARISM AS DIGITAL SUPPORT FOR THE SUBMISSION OF ACADEMIC WRITING

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INTRODUCTION

Cyber-plagiarism, the use of information and communication technologies to gain access to work or studies carried out by third parties with the aim of appropriating them.

University education,

The Internet is the main source for consulting documents and developing content related to the academic work to be carried out at university level. Academic ethics, are part of research examining academic honesty and have addressed both plagiarism from print sources and the appropriation of digital materials.

METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

Quantitative, exploratory, descriptive, descriptive and explanatory methodological and explanatory. 8,943 students Galician University System Questionnaire for the Detection of Coincidences in Academic Papers (CUDECO)

The main objective of the study was to determine the format (paper/electronic) most commonly used by university students for their academic work and to check whether this

has an influence on a lower/higher plagiarism rate.



CONCLUSIONS



The majority of university students use the electronic format for their academic work, and the use of ICT has been proven The majority of university students focus on issues such as the volume of work required and the lack of time to do it, which leads one to think that there may be other causes related to ethical values.

Students who use the electronic medium report having copied text fragments from web pages without citing them to incorporate them into their work, to a greater extent than the rest.

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