YOUNG PEOPLE AND SOCIAL NETWORKS: BETWEEN THE DEMOCRATIZATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND DIGITAL INEQUALITY

Dra. Lucy Andrade-Vargas, Margoth Iriarte-Solano, Dra. Diana Rivera-Rogel and Dra. Deisi Yunga-Godoy

https://doi.org/10.3916/C69-2021-07

INTRODUCTION

Social networking sites

have been massively introduced into the lives of millions of people from various backgrounds and socioeconomic levels of society in the last decade.

YouTube,

creates an
incalculable number
of communities
based on limitless
types of interests in
which infinite forms
of social relations
develop

Participation,

social networks
enable a new
ecosystem in which
users not only
consume
information, but also
generate it,
becoming
"prosumers".

METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

Quantitative, exploratory, descriptive, descriptive and explanatory methodological and explanatory.

YouTube

2,115 students from
high-performing
educational
institutions in
Ecuador

Project instrument
"Youtubers and
Instagramers: Towards
a learning
management model"
developed by the
Universidad Técnica
Particular de Loja.

The main objective of the study is to determine whether the socio-economic status of young people affects in any way their participation in social networks, especially on the YouTube platform.



CONCLUSIONS

Socio-economic profile does not affect the presence of young people in the virtual world, however, it and geographical profile influence the reasons for using social networks and the time spent on them.

The results show that
young people of
underprivileged socioeconomic status and
from rural areas use
YouTube less and for
shorter periods of time
than their more
privileged counterparts
living in urban areas.

There is a trend towards democratisation of content creation, as some trends were observed, which reproduce social inequalities. Young people from all socio-economic groups create content to a greater or lesser extent in all categories.

Comunicar

www.comunicarjournal.com